# Exhibit A

## Case 3:15-cv-04684-JSC Document 1-1 Filed 10/09/15 Page 2 of 48

1 PETER R. DION-KINDEM (SBN 95267) THE DION-KINDEM LAW FIRM 2 PETER R. DION-KINDEM, P. C. 21550 Oxnard Street, Suite 900 3 Woodland Hills, California 91367 Telephone: (818) 883-4900 (818) 883-4902 Fax: 5 Email: peter@dion-kindemlaw.com LONNIE C. BLANCHARD, III (SBN 93530) THE BLANCHARD LAW GROUP, APC Los Angeles, CA 90023 Telephone: (213) 599-8255 8 Fax: (213) 402-3949 9 Email: lonnieblanchard@gmail.com 10 Attorneys for Plaintiff Elizabeth Larroque 11 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 12 13 EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 14 Elizabeth Larroque, an individual, on behalf of Case No. 15 herself and all others similarly situated, **CLASS ACTION** 16 Plaintiff, Complaint and Demand for Jury Trial 17 VS. 18 LN Risk Solutions FL Inc., a Minnesota 19 corporation, and Does 1 through 10, 20 Defendants. 21 Plaintiff Elizabeth Larroque ("Plaintiff") alleges: 22 1. This class action alleges that certain policies and practices followed by Defendant LN Risk 23 Solutions FL Inc. and the Doe Defendants in furnishing consumer reports for employment 24 purposes violate the provisions of the Fair Credit Reporting Act ("FCRA"), 15 U.S.C. 1681, et 25 seq. Specifically, Defendants violated Section 1681b(b) of the FCRA by furnishing consumer 26 reports for employment purposes before obtaining the required certifications required thereunder. 27 28 Complaint

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### **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

2. The Court has jurisdiction under 15 U.S.C. Section 1681p.

3. Venue is proper in this Court under 28 U.S.C. Section 1391(b) because the Defendant regularly does business in this district.

### INTRADISTRICT ASSIGNMENT

4. This matter is properly assigned to the San Francisco or Oakland Division of this District pursuant to Civil Local Rule 3-2 because Defendant LN Risk Solutions FL Inc. does business in such Division.

### **PARTIES**

- 5. Elizabeth Larroque ("Plaintiff") is a "consumer" protected by the FCRA.
- 6. The FCRA defines a "person" as "... any individual, partnership, corporation, trust, estate, cooperative, association, government or governmental sub-division, or other entity."
- 7. The FCRA defines a "consumer report" as "any written, oral, or other communication of any information by a consumer reporting agency bearing on a consumer's credit worthiness, credit standing, credit capacity, character, general reputation, personal characteristics, mode of living which is used or expected to be used for. . . (B) employment purposes."
- 8. Defendant LN Risk Solutions FL Inc. ("LexisNexis") is a "person" as defined by the FCRA. At all times relevant hereto, LexisNexis was a "consumer reporting agency" governed by the FCRA. During the relevant time, LexisNexis was regularly engaged in the business of assembling, evaluating and disbursing information concerning consumers for the purpose of furnishing consumer reports, as defined in 15 U.S.C. Section 1681(d), to third parties, including Pacific Hotel Management, LLC for employment purposes. LexisNexis furnished consumer reports to Pacific Hotel Management, LLC concerning Plaintiff and other class members and also furnished consumer reports to other persons concerning class members for employment purposes.
- 9. Plaintiff does not presently know the true names and capacities of the defendants named as Does

#### Complaint

1 through 10 and therefore sues such defendants by these fictitious names. Plaintiff believes that the Doe Defendants are persons or entities who are involved in the acts set forth below, either as independent contractors, suppliers, agents, servants or employees of the known defendants, or through entering into a conspiracy and agreement with the known Defendants to perform these acts, for financial gain and profit, in violation of Plaintiff's and Class Members' rights. Plaintiff will request leave of Court to amend this Complaint to set forth their true names, identities and capacities when Plaintiff ascertains them.

10. Each of the Defendants has been or is the principal, officer, director, agent, employee, representative and/or co-conspirator of each of the other defendants and in such capacity or capacities participated in the acts or conduct alleged herein and incurred liability therefor. At an unknown time, some or all of the Defendants entered into a conspiracy with other of the Defendants to commit the wrongful acts described herein. These wrongful acts were committed in furtherance of such conspiracy. Defendants aided and abetted each other in committing the wrongful acts alleged herein. Each of the Defendants acted for personal gain or in furtherance of their own financial advantage in effecting the acts alleged herein.

### First Claim for Relief against Defendants

### Violation of the FCRA Section 1681b(b)(1)

- 11. Plaintiff realleges all of the preceding paragraphs.
- 12. On or about September 17, 2012, Pacific Hotel Management, LLC procured or caused to be procured a consumer report regarding Plaintiff from LexisNexis.
- 13. Defendant LexisNexis violated Section 1681b(b)(1) by furnishing consumer reports regarding Plaintiff and other class members for employment purposes to Pacific Hotel Management, LLC and others without first obtaining from Pacific Hotel Management, LLC and other persons to whom it furnished such reports a certification by such person as to each consumer report it furnished to such person that such person "has complied with paragraph (2) [of Section 1681b(b)] with respect to the consumer report, and the person will comply with paragraph (3)

with respect to the consumer report if paragraph (3) [of Section 1681b(b)] becomes applicable."

- 14. Defendants knew or should have known about their legal obligations under the FCRA. The language of Section 1681b(b)(1) is plain and clearly ascertainable. According to Section 1681b(b)(1)(A), a "consumer reporting agency may furnish a consumer report for employment purposes only if -- (A) the person who obtains such report from the agency certifies to the agency that-- (i) the person *has complied* with paragraph (2) with respect to the consumer report, and the person will comply with paragraph (3) with respect to the consumer report if paragraph (3) becomes applicable; and (ii) information from the consumer report will not be used in violation of any applicable Federal or State equal employment opportunity law or regulation." (Emphasis added.) Defendants obtained or had available substantial written materials which apprised them of their duties under the FCRA. Any reasonable consumer reporting agency knows about or can easily discover these obligations.
- Despite knowing of these legal obligations, Defendants intentionally or recklessly acted consciously in breaching their known duties and depriving Plaintiff and other Class members their rights under the FCRA. Plaintiff believes that Defendants did not obtain proper and valid certifications before providing consumer reports to those persons to whom they were provided because Defendants did not want to incur the expenses associated with obtaining such certifications as to each consumer as to whom a consumer report was generated and provided by Defendants.
- 16. As a result of these FCRA violations, Defendants are liable for statutory damages from \$100 to \$1,000 for each violation pursuant to 15 U.S.C. Section 1681n(a)(1)(A), punitive damages pursuant to 15 U.S.C. Section 1681n(a)(2), and attorney's fees and costs pursuant to Section 1681n and Section 1681o.
- 17. 15 U.S.C.A. § 1681p provides:

An action to enforce any liability created under this subchapter may be brought in any appropriate United States district court, without regard to the amount in controversy, or in any other court of competent jurisdiction, not later than the earlier of—

(1) 2 years after the date of discovery by the plaintiff of the violation that is the basis for such liability; or

- (2) 5 years after the date on which the violation that is the basis for such liability occurs.
- The violation that is the basis of liability of this claim is the provision of a consumer report regarding Plaintiff or the class member without first obtaining the requisite certification from the person to whom the consumer report was being provided that such person, as to each consumer as to which a consumer report was provided, "has complied with paragraph (2) with respect to the consumer report, and the person will comply with paragraph (3) with respect to the consumer report if paragraph (3) becomes applicable; and (ii) information from the consumer report will not be used in violation of any applicable Federal or State equal employment opportunity law or regulation."
- 19. Plaintiff discovered Defendants' violation(s) within the last two years when Plaintiff requested from Pacific Hotel Management, LLC a copy of the certification provided by Pacific Hotel Management, LLC to LexisNexis prior to LexisNexis furnishing the consumer report to Pacific Hotel Management, LLC and discovered that Pacific Hotel Management, LLC had not provided the requisite certification to LexisNexis regarding Plaintiff's consumer report *before* LexisNexis provided the consumer report to Pacific Hotel Management, LLC.
- 20. Pursuant to Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff brings this claim for himself and on behalf of the classes initially defined as follows:

All persons residing in the United States (including all territories and other political subdivisions of the United States) as to whom LexisNexis Risk & Information Analytics Group, Inc. furnished consumer reports for employment purposes within the period prescribed by FCRA, 15 U.S.C. §1681p without first obtaining from the person to whom LexisNexis Risk & Information Analytics Group, Inc. furnished such consumer report a certification that such person had complied with its obligations under Section 1681b(b)(2) as to the subject of the consumer report.

21. **Numerosity. Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a)(1).** The members of each of the Classes are believed to be in excess of 1,000 and are so numerous that joinder of all members is impractical. The names and addresses of the Class members are identifiable through documents maintained by the

Defendants, and the Class members may be notified of the pendency of this action by published and/or mailed notice.

- 22. Existence and Predominance of Common Questions of Law and Fact. Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a)(2). Common questions of law and fact exist as to all members of the Class. These questions predominate over the questions affecting only individual members. These common legal and factual questions include, among other things:
  - a. Whether Defendants violated Section 1681b(b)(1) by furnishing consumer reports for employment purposes without first obtaining from Pacific Hotel Management, LLC and other persons to whom they furnished such report a certification by such person as to each consumer report it furnished that such person "has complied with paragraph (2) [of Section 1681b(b)] with respect to the consumer report, and the person will comply with paragraph (3) with respect to the consumer report if paragraph (3) [of Section 1681b(b)] becomes applicable."
  - b. Whether Defendants' violations were willful.
- 23. **Typicality. Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a)(3)**. Plaintiff's class claims are typical of the claims of Class members. Plaintiff for class certification purposes seeks only statutory and punitive damages. In addition, Plaintiff is entitled to relief under the class claims as the other members of the Class.
- 24. Adequacy. Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a)(4). Plaintiff is an adequate representative of the Classes because Plaintiff's interests coincide with, and are not antagonistic to, the interests of the members of the Class Plaintiff seeks to represent. Plaintiff has retained counsel competent and experienced in class action litigation, and Plaintiff intends to prosecute this action vigorously. The interests of members of the Class will be fairly and adequately protected by Plaintiff and Plaintiff's counsel.
- 25. **Superiority. Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(b)(3).** Questions of law and fact common to the Class members predominate over questions affecting only individual members, and a class action is superior to other available methods for fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy. The statutory and punitive damages sought by each member are such that individual prosecution would prove

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burdensome and expensive given the complex and extensive litigation necessitated by 2 Defendants' conduct. It would be virtually impossible for the members of the Class individually 3 to redress effectively the wrongs done to them. Even if the members of the Class themselves 4 could afford such individual litigation, it would be an unnecessary burden on the Courts. 5 Furthermore, individualized litigation presents a potential for inconsistent or contradictory 6 judgments and increases the delay and expense to all parties and to the court system presented by 7 the complex legal and factual issues raised by Defendants' conduct. By contrast, the class action 8 device will result in substantial benefits to the litigants and the Court by allowing the Court to 9 resolve numerous individual claims based upon a single set of proof in a case. 10 WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands a jury trial and requests that judgment be entered against all Defendants as follows: 12 1. For an order certifying the proposed FCRA classes under Federal Rule 23 and appointing 13 Plaintiff and Plaintiff's undersigned counsel of record to represent same; 14

- 2. For statutory damages;
- 3. For punitive damages;
- 4. For attorney's fees and costs;
- 5. For interest as provided by law;
- 6. For such other and further relief as the Court deems proper.

Dated: June 30, 2015

THE DION-KINDEM LAW FIRM

By:

PETER R. DION-KINDEM, P.C.

Tate Tion- Ludem

PETER R. DION-KINDEM

Attorney for Plaintiff Elizabeth Larroque

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JS 44 (Rev. 12/12)

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS Elizabeth Larroque, an in similarly situated	dividual, on behalf of h	s	DEFENDANTS LN Risk Solutions FL Inc., a Minnesota corporation, and Does 1 through 10					
(b) County of Residence of	First Listed Plaintiff		County of Booldance of First Listed Defendant					
(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff  (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)				County of Residence of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)				
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(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, A	Address, and Telephone Numbe	r)		Attorneys (If Known)				
Peter R. Dion-Kindem (98								
21550 Oxnard Street, Su Telephone: 818-883-490		s, CA 91367						
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		Appellate Court		pened Another (specify)  Do not cite jurisdictional state	r District	Litigation		
VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO	Fair Credit Report	ting Act ("FCRA"), 1			ares arress urre			
	violation of FCRA	and California Inve		e Consumer Reporti				
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	CHECK IF THIS UNDER RULE 2	IS A CLASS ACTION 3, F.R.Cv.P.	D	EMAND S		IECK YES only in IECK Y	if demanded in complaint:  X Yes	
VIII. RELATED CASI IF ANY	(See instructions):	JUDGE			DOCKET	NUMBER		
DATE		SIGNATURE OF ATT	ORNEY (	OF RECORD				
06/30/2015		/s Peter R. Dior	-Kinde	em				
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY								
RECEIPT # AM	MOUNT	APPLYING IFP		JUDGE		MAG. JUD	OGE	

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### INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- **I.(a)** Plaintiffs-Defendants. Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
  - (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".
- II. Jurisdiction. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.Cv.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.

  United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here. United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.

  Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.

  Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; NOTE: federal question actions take precedence over diversity
- III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties. This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- IV. Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If the nature of suit cannot be determined, be sure the cause of action, in Section VI below, is sufficient to enable the deputy clerk or the statistical clerk(s) in the Administrative Office to determine the nature of suit. If the cause fits more than one nature of suit, select the most definitive.
- V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the six boxes.
  - Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.

Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date. Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407. When this box is checked, do not check (5) above.

- VI. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity. Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553 Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service
- VII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.

  Demand. In this space enter the actual dollar amount being demanded or indicate other demand, such as a preliminary injunction.

  Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.
- VIII. Related Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases, if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.

# Exhibit B

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1 PETER R. DION-KINDEM (SBN 95267) THE DION-KINDEM LAW FIRM 2 PETER R. DION-KINDEM, P. C. 21550 Oxnard Street, Suite 900 3 Woodland Hills, California 91367 Telephone: (818) 883-4900 4 Fax: (818) 883-4902 5 Email: peter@dion-kindemlaw.com LONNIE C. BLANCHARD, III (SBN 93530) THE BLANCHARD LAW GROUP, APC Los Angeles, CA 90023 Telephone: (213) 599-8255 8 Fax: (213) 402-3949 9 Email: lonnieblanchard@gmail.com 10 Attorneys for Plaintiff Elizabeth Larroque 11 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 12 13 EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 14 Elizabeth Larroque, an individual, on behalf of Case No. 15-CV-03041-MEJ 15 herself and all others similarly situated, **CLASS ACTION** 16 First Amended Complaint and Demand for Plaintiff, 17 **Jury Trial** VS. 18 LexisNexis Risk Solutions FL Inc., a Minnesota 19 corporation, and Does 1 through 10, 20 Defendants. 21 Plaintiff Elizabeth Larroque ("Plaintiff") alleges: 22 1. This class action alleges that certain policies and practices followed by Defendant LexisNexis 23 Risk Solutions FL Inc. and the Doe Defendants in furnishing consumer reports for employment 24 purposes violate the provisions of the Fair Credit Reporting Act ("FCRA"), 15 U.S.C. 1681, et 25 seq. Specifically, Defendants violated Section 1681b(b) of the FCRA by furnishing consumer 26 reports for employment purposes before obtaining the required certifications required thereunder. 27 28 Complaint

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### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- The Court has jurisdiction under 15 U.S.C. Section 1681p. 2.
- 3. Venue is proper in this Court under 28 U.S.C. Section 1391(b) because the Defendant regularly does business in this district.

### INTRADISTRICT ASSIGNMENT

4. This matter is properly assigned to the San Francisco or Oakland Division of this District pursuant to Civil Local Rule 3-2 because Defendant LexisNexis Risk Solutions FL Inc. does business in such Division.

### **PARTIES**

- 5. Elizabeth Larroque ("Plaintiff") is a "consumer" protected by the FCRA.
- The FCRA defines a "person" as ". . . any individual, partnership, corporation, trust, estate, 6. cooperative, association, government or governmental sub-division, or other entity."
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- Defendant LexisNexis Risk Solutions FL Inc. ("LexisNexis") is a "person" as defined by the 8. FCRA. At all times relevant hereto, LexisNexis was a "consumer reporting agency" governed by the FCRA. During the relevant time, LexisNexis was regularly engaged in the business of assembling, evaluating and disbursing information concerning consumers for the purpose of furnishing consumer reports, as defined in 15 U.S.C. Section 1681(d), to third parties, including Pacific Hotel Management, LLC for employment purposes. LexisNexis furnished consumer reports to Pacific Hotel Management, LLC concerning Plaintiff and other class members and also furnished consumer reports to other persons concerning class members for employment purposes.
- Plaintiff does not presently know the true names and capacities of the defendants named as Does 9.

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1 through 10 and therefore sues such defendants by these fictitious names. Plaintiff believes that the Doe Defendants are persons or entities who are involved in the acts set forth below, either as independent contractors, suppliers, agents, servants or employees of the known defendants, or through entering into a conspiracy and agreement with the known Defendants to perform these acts, for financial gain and profit, in violation of Plaintiff's and Class Members' rights. Plaintiff will request leave of Court to amend this Complaint to set forth their true names, identities and capacities when Plaintiff ascertains them.

Each of the Defendants has been or is the principal, officer, director, agent, employee, representative and/or co-conspirator of each of the other defendants and in such capacity or capacities participated in the acts or conduct alleged herein and incurred liability therefor. At an unknown time, some or all of the Defendants entered into a conspiracy with other of the Defendants to commit the wrongful acts described herein. These wrongful acts were committed in furtherance of such conspiracy. Defendants aided and abetted each other in committing the wrongful acts alleged herein. Each of the Defendants acted for personal gain or in furtherance of their own financial advantage in effecting the acts alleged herein.

### First Claim for Relief against Defendants

### Violation of the FCRA Section 1681b(b)(1)

- Plaintiff realleges all of the preceding paragraphs.
- 12. On or about September 17, 2012, Pacific Hotel Management, LLC procured or caused to be procured a consumer report regarding Plaintiff from LexisNexis.
- Defendant LexisNexis violated Section 1681b(b)(1) by furnishing consumer reports regarding 13. Plaintiff and other class members for employment purposes to Pacific Hotel Management, LLC and others without first obtaining from Pacific Hotel Management, LLC and other persons to whom it furnished such reports a certification by such person as to each consumer report it furnished to such person that such person "has complied with paragraph (2) [of Section 1681b(b)] with respect to the consumer report, and the person will comply with paragraph (3)

with respect to the consumer report if paragraph (3) [of Section 1681b(b)] becomes applicable."

- 14. Defendants knew or should have known about their legal obligations under the FCRA. The language of Section 1681b(b)(1) is plain and clearly ascertainable. According to Section 1681b(b)(1)(A), a "consumer reporting agency may furnish a consumer report for employment purposes only if -- (A) the person who obtains such report from the agency certifies to the agency that-- (i) the person *has complied* with paragraph (2) with respect to the consumer report, and the person will comply with paragraph (3) with respect to the consumer report if paragraph (3) becomes applicable; and (ii) information from the consumer report will not be used in violation of any applicable Federal or State equal employment opportunity law or regulation." (Emphasis added.) Defendants obtained or had available substantial written materials which apprised them of their duties under the FCRA. Any reasonable consumer reporting agency knows about or can easily discover these obligations.
- Despite knowing of these legal obligations, Defendants intentionally or recklessly acted consciously in breaching their known duties and depriving Plaintiff and other Class members their rights under the FCRA. Plaintiff believes that Defendants did not obtain proper and valid certifications before providing consumer reports to those persons to whom they were provided because Defendants did not want to incur the expenses associated with obtaining such certifications as to each consumer as to whom a consumer report was generated and provided by Defendants.
- 16. As a result of these FCRA violations, Defendants are liable for statutory damages from \$100 to \$1,000 for each violation pursuant to 15 U.S.C. Section 1681n(a)(1)(A), punitive damages pursuant to 15 U.S.C. Section 1681n(a)(2), and attorney's fees and costs pursuant to Section 1681n and Section 1681o.
- 17. 15 U.S.C.A. § 1681p provides:

An action to enforce any liability created under this subchapter may be brought in any appropriate United States district court, without regard to the amount in controversy, or in any other court of competent jurisdiction, not later than the earlier of—

(1) 2 years after the date of discovery by the plaintiff of the violation that is the basis for such liability; or

- (2) 5 years after the date on which the violation that is the basis for such liability occurs.
- 18. The violation that is the basis of liability of this claim is the provision of a consumer report regarding Plaintiff or the class member without first obtaining the requisite certification from the person to whom the consumer report was being provided that such person, as to each consumer as to which a consumer report was provided, "has complied with paragraph (2) with respect to the consumer report, and the person will comply with paragraph (3) with respect to the consumer report if paragraph (3) becomes applicable; and (ii) information from the consumer report will not be used in violation of any applicable Federal or State equal employment opportunity law or regulation."
- 19. Plaintiff discovered Defendants' violation(s) within the last two years when Plaintiff requested from Pacific Hotel Management, LLC a copy of the certification provided by Pacific Hotel Management, LLC to LexisNexis prior to LexisNexis furnishing the consumer report to Pacific Hotel Management, LLC and discovered that Pacific Hotel Management, LLC had not provided the requisite certification to LexisNexis regarding Plaintiff's consumer report *before* LexisNexis provided the consumer report to Pacific Hotel Management, LLC.
- 20. Pursuant to Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff brings this claim for himself and on behalf of the classes initially defined as follows:

All persons residing in the United States (including all territories and other political subdivisions of the United States) as to whom LexisNexis Risk & Information Analytics Group, Inc. furnished consumer reports for employment purposes within the period prescribed by FCRA, 15 U.S.C. §1681p without first obtaining from the person to whom LexisNexis Risk & Information Analytics Group, Inc. furnished such consumer report a certification that such person had complied with its obligations under Section 1681b(b)(2) as to the subject of the consumer report.

21. **Numerosity. Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a)(1).** The members of each of the Classes are believed to be in excess of 1,000 and are so numerous that joinder of all members is impractical. The names and addresses of the Class members are identifiable through documents maintained by the

22.

Defendants, and the Class members may be notified of the pendency of this action by published and/or mailed notice.

- Existence and Predominance of Common Questions of Law and Fact. Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a)(2). Common questions of law and fact exist as to all members of the Class. These questions predominate over the questions affecting only individual members. These common legal and factual questions include, among other things:
  - a. Whether Defendants violated Section 1681b(b)(1) by furnishing consumer reports for employment purposes without first obtaining from Pacific Hotel Management, LLC and other persons to whom they furnished such report a certification by such person as to each consumer report it furnished that such person "has complied with paragraph (2) [of Section 1681b(b)] with respect to the consumer report, and the person will comply with paragraph (3) with respect to the consumer report if paragraph (3) [of Section 1681b(b)] becomes applicable."
  - b. Whether Defendants' violations were willful.
- Typicality. Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a)(3). Plaintiff's class claims are typical of the claims of Class members. Plaintiff for class certification purposes seeks only statutory and punitive damages. In addition, Plaintiff is entitled to relief under the class claims as the other members of the Class.
- 24. Adequacy. Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a)(4). Plaintiff is an adequate representative of the Classes because Plaintiff's interests coincide with, and are not antagonistic to, the interests of the members of the Class Plaintiff seeks to represent. Plaintiff has retained counsel competent and experienced in class action litigation, and Plaintiff intends to prosecute this action vigorously. The interests of members of the Class will be fairly and adequately protected by Plaintiff and Plaintiff's counsel.
- 25. **Superiority. Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(b)(3).** Questions of law and fact common to the Class members predominate over questions affecting only individual members, and a class action is superior to other available methods for fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy. The statutory and punitive damages sought by each member are such that individual prosecution would prove

# Case 3:15-cv-04684-JSC Document 1-1 Filed 10/09/15 Page 18 of 48 Case 3:15-cv-03041-HSG Document 6 Filed 07/08/15 Page 7 of 7

burdensome and expensive given the complex and extensive litigation necessitated by Defendants' conduct. It would be virtually impossible for the members of the Class individually to redress effectively the wrongs done to them. Even if the members of the Class themselves could afford such individual litigation, it would be an unnecessary burden on the Courts. Furthermore, individualized litigation presents a potential for inconsistent or contradictory judgments and increases the delay and expense to all parties and to the court system presented by the complex legal and factual issues raised by Defendants' conduct. By contrast, the class action device will result in substantial benefits to the litigants and the Court by allowing the Court to resolve numerous individual claims based upon a single set of proof in a case.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands a jury trial and requests that judgment be entered against all Defendants as follows:

- 1. For an order certifying the proposed FCRA classes under Federal Rule 23 and appointing Plaintiff and Plaintiff's undersigned counsel of record to represent same;
- 2. For statutory damages;
- 3. For punitive damages;
- 4. For attorney's fees and costs;
- 5. For interest as provided by law;
- 6. For such other and further relief as the Court deems proper.

Dated: July 8, 2015

THE DION-KINDEM LAW FIRM

By:

PETER R. DION-KINDEM, P.C.

Ster Son- Ludem

PETER R. DION-KINDEM

Attorney for Plaintiff Elizabeth Larroque

Complaint

# Exhibit C

## Case 3:15-cv-04684-JSC Document 1-1 Filed 10/09/15 Page 20 of 48

Case 3:15-cv-03041-HSG Document 13 Filed 08/10/15 Page 1 of 7

1 PETER R. DION-KINDEM (SBN 95267) THE DION-KINDEM LAW FIRM 2 PETER R. DION-KINDEM, P. C. 21550 Oxnard Street, Suite 900 3 Woodland Hills, California 91367 Telephone: (818) 883-4900 (818) 883-4902 Fax: 5 Email: peter@dion-kindemlaw.com 6 LONNIE C. BLANCHARD, III (SBN 93530) THE BLANCHARD LAW GROUP, APC Los Angeles, CA 90023 Telephone: (213) 599-8255 8 Fax: (213) 402-3949 9 Email: lonnieblanchard@gmail.com 10 Attorneys for Plaintiff Elizabeth Larroque 11 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 12 13 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 14 Elizabeth Larroque, an individual, on behalf of Case No. 15-CV-03041-MEJ 15 herself and all others similarly situated, **CLASS ACTION** 16 Plaintiff, **Second Amended Complaint and Demand** 17 for Jury Trial VS. 18 First Advantage LNS Screening Solutions, Inc., 19 and Does 1 through 10, 20 Defendants. 21 Plaintiff Elizabeth Larroque ("Plaintiff") alleges: 22 1. This class action alleges that certain policies and practices followed by Defendant First 23 Advantage LNS Screening Solutions, Inc. and the Doe Defendants in furnishing consumer 24 reports for employment purposes violate the provisions of the Fair Credit Reporting Act 25 ("FCRA"), 15 U.S.C. 1681, et seq. Specifically, Defendants violated Section 1681b(b) of the 26 FCRA by furnishing consumer reports for employment purposes before obtaining the required 27 certifications required thereunder. 28 **Second Amended Complaint** 

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### **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

- 2. The Court has jurisdiction under 15 U.S.C. Section 1681p.
- 3. Venue is proper in this Court under 28 U.S.C. Section 1391(b) because the Defendants regularly do business in this district and the wrongful acts occurred in this District.

### INTRADISTRICT ASSIGNMENT

4. This matter is properly assigned to the San Francisco or Oakland Division of this District pursuant to Civil Local Rule 3-2 because Defendants do business in such Division and the wrongful acts occurred in such Division.

### **PARTIES**

- 5. Elizabeth Larroque ("Plaintiff") is a "consumer" protected by the FCRA.
- 6. The FCRA defines a "person" as ". . . any individual, partnership, corporation, trust, estate, cooperative, association, government or governmental sub-division, or other entity."
- 7. The FCRA defines a "consumer report" as "any written, oral, or other communication of any information by a consumer reporting agency bearing on a consumer's credit worthiness, credit standing, credit capacity, character, general reputation, personal characteristics, mode of living which is used or expected to be used for. . . (B) employment purposes."
- 8. Defendant First Advantage LNS Screening Solutions, Inc. ("First Advantage") is a "person" as defined by the FCRA. At all times relevant hereto, First Advantage was a "consumer reporting agency" governed by the FCRA. During the relevant time, First Advantage was regularly engaged in the business of assembling, evaluating and disbursing information concerning consumers for the purpose of furnishing consumer reports, as defined in 15 U.S.C. Section 1681(d), to third parties, including Pacific Hotel Management, LLC for employment purposes. First Advantage furnished consumer reports to Pacific Hotel Management, LLC concerning Plaintiff and other class members and also furnished consumer reports to other persons concerning class members for employment purposes.
- 9. Plaintiff does not presently know the true names and capacities of the defendants named as Does

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1 through 10 and therefore sues such defendants by these fictitious names. Plaintiff believes that the Doe Defendants are persons or entities who are involved in the acts set forth below, either as independent contractors, suppliers, agents, servants or employees of the known defendants, or through entering into a conspiracy and agreement with the known Defendants to perform these acts, for financial gain and profit, in violation of Plaintiff's and Class Members' rights. Plaintiff will request leave of Court to amend this Complaint to set forth their true names, identities and capacities when Plaintiff ascertains them.

10. Each of the Defendants has been or is the principal, officer, director, agent, employee, representative and/or co-conspirator of each of the other defendants and in such capacity or capacities participated in the acts or conduct alleged herein and incurred liability therefor. At an unknown time, some or all of the Defendants entered into a conspiracy with other of the Defendants to commit the wrongful acts described herein. These wrongful acts were committed in furtherance of such conspiracy. Defendants aided and abetted each other in committing the wrongful acts alleged herein. Each of the Defendants acted for personal gain or in furtherance of their own financial advantage in effecting the acts alleged herein.

### First Claim for Relief against Defendants

### Violation of the FCRA Section 1681b(b)(1)

- 11. Plaintiff realleges all of the preceding paragraphs.
- 12. On or about September 17, 2012, Pacific Hotel Management, LLC procured or caused to be procured a consumer report regarding Plaintiff from First Advantage.
- Defendants violated Section 1681b(b)(1) by furnishing consumer reports regarding Plaintiff and other class members for employment purposes to Pacific Hotel Management, LLC and others without first obtaining from Pacific Hotel Management, LLC and other persons to whom Defendants furnished such reports a certification by such person as to each consumer report it furnished to such person that such person "has complied with paragraph (2) [of Section 1681b(b)] with respect to the consumer report, and the person will comply with paragraph (3)

with respect to the consumer report if paragraph (3) [of Section 1681b(b)] becomes applicable."

- 14. Defendants knew or should have known about their legal obligations under the FCRA. The language of Section 1681b(b)(1) is plain and clearly ascertainable. According to Section 1681b(b)(1)(A), a "consumer reporting agency may furnish a consumer report for employment purposes only if -- (A) the person who obtains such report from the agency certifies to the agency that-- (i) the person has complied with paragraph (2) with respect to the consumer report, and the person will comply with paragraph (3) with respect to the consumer report if paragraph (3) becomes applicable; and (ii) information from the consumer report will not be used in violation of any applicable Federal or State equal employment opportunity law or regulation." (Emphasis added.) Defendants obtained or had available substantial written materials which apprised them of their duties under the FCRA. Any reasonable consumer reporting agency knows about or can easily discover these obligations.
- Despite knowing of these legal obligations, Defendants intentionally or recklessly acted consciously in breaching their known duties and depriving Plaintiff and other Class members their rights under the FCRA. Plaintiff believes that Defendants did not obtain proper and valid certifications before providing consumer reports to those persons to whom they were provided because Defendants did not want to incur the expenses associated with obtaining such certifications as to each consumer as to whom a consumer report was generated and provided by Defendants.
- 16. As a result of these FCRA violations, Defendants are liable for statutory damages from \$100 to \$1,000 for each violation pursuant to 15 U.S.C. Section 1681n(a)(1)(A), punitive damages pursuant to 15 U.S.C. Section 1681n(a)(2), and attorney's fees and costs pursuant to Section 1681n and Section 1681o.
- 17. 15 U.S.C.A. § 1681p provides:

An action to enforce any liability created under this subchapter may be brought in any appropriate United States district court, without regard to the amount in controversy, or in any other court of competent jurisdiction, not later than the earlier of—

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- (1) 2 years after the date of discovery by the plaintiff of the violation that is the basis for such liability; or
- (2) 5 years after the date on which the violation that is the basis for such liability occurs.
- The violation that is the basis of liability of this claim is the provision of a consumer report 18. regarding Plaintiff or the class member without first obtaining the requisite certification from the person to whom the consumer report was being provided that such person, as to each consumer as to which a consumer report was provided, "has complied with paragraph (2) with respect to the consumer report, and the person will comply with paragraph (3) with respect to the consumer report if paragraph (3) becomes applicable; and (ii) information from the consumer report will not be used in violation of any applicable Federal or State equal employment opportunity law or regulation."
- Plaintiff discovered Defendants' violation(s) within the last two years when Plaintiff requested 19. from Pacific Hotel Management, LLC a copy of the certification provided by Pacific Hotel Management, LLC to Defendant prior to Defendant furnishing the consumer report to Pacific Hotel Management, LLC and discovered that Pacific Hotel Management, LLC had not provided the requisite certification regarding Plaintiff's consumer report before the consumer report was provided to Pacific Hotel Management, LLC.
- Pursuant to Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff brings this claim for 20. himself and on behalf of the classes initially defined as follows:

All persons residing in the United States (including all territories and other political subdivisions of the United States) as to whom First Advantage LNS Screening Solutions, Inc. furnished consumer reports for employment purposes within the period prescribed by FCRA, 15 U.S.C. §1681p without first obtaining from the person to whom First Advantage LNS Screening Solutions, Inc. furnished such consumer report a certification that such person had complied with its obligations under Section 1681b(b)(2) as to the subject of the consumer report.

Numerosity. Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a)(1). The members of each of the Classes are believed to be in 21. excess of 1,000 and are so numerous that joinder of all members is impractical. The names and addresses of the Class members are identifiable through documents maintained by the

Defendants, and the Class members may be notified of the pendency of this action by published and/or mailed notice.

- 22. Existence and Predominance of Common Questions of Law and Fact. Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a)(2). Common questions of law and fact exist as to all members of the Class. These questions predominate over the questions affecting only individual members. These common legal and factual questions include, among other things:
  - a. Whether Defendants violated Section 1681b(b)(1) by furnishing consumer reports for employment purposes without first obtaining from Pacific Hotel Management, LLC and other persons to whom they furnished such report a certification by such person as to each consumer report it furnished that such person "has complied with paragraph (2) [of Section 1681b(b)] with respect to the consumer report, and the person will comply with paragraph (3) with respect to the consumer report if paragraph (3) [of Section 1681b(b)] becomes applicable."
  - b. Whether Defendants' violations were willful.
- 23. **Typicality. Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a)(3)**. Plaintiff's class claims are typical of the claims of Class members. Plaintiff for class certification purposes seeks only statutory and punitive damages. In addition, Plaintiff is entitled to relief under the class claims as the other members of the Class.
- 24. Adequacy. Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a)(4). Plaintiff is an adequate representative of the Classes because Plaintiff's interests coincide with, and are not antagonistic to, the interests of the members of the Class Plaintiff seeks to represent. Plaintiff has retained counsel competent and experienced in class action litigation, and Plaintiff intends to prosecute this action vigorously. The interests of members of the Class will be fairly and adequately protected by Plaintiff and Plaintiff's counsel.
- 25. **Superiority. Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(b)(3).** Questions of law and fact common to the Class members predominate over questions affecting only individual members, and a class action is superior to other available methods for fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy. The statutory and punitive damages sought by each member are such that individual prosecution would prove

# Case 3:15-cv-04684-JSC Document 1-1 Filed 10/09/15 Page 26 of 48 Case 3:15-cv-03041-HSG Document 13 Filed 08/10/15 Page 7 of 7

burdensome and expensive given the complex and extensive litigation necessitated by Defendants' conduct. It would be virtually impossible for the members of the Class individually to redress effectively the wrongs done to them. Even if the members of the Class themselves could afford such individual litigation, it would be an unnecessary burden on the Courts. Furthermore, individualized litigation presents a potential for inconsistent or contradictory judgments and increases the delay and expense to all parties and to the court system presented by the complex legal and factual issues raised by Defendants' conduct. By contrast, the class action device will result in substantial benefits to the litigants and the Court by allowing the Court to resolve numerous individual claims based upon a single set of proof in a case.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands a jury trial and requests that judgment be entered against all Defendants as follows:

- 1. For an order certifying the proposed FCRA classes under Federal Rule 23 and appointing Plaintiff and Plaintiff's undersigned counsel of record to represent same;
- 2. For statutory damages;
- 3. For punitive damages;
- 4. For attorney's fees and costs;
- 5. For interest as provided by law;
- 6. For such other and further relief as the Court deems proper.

Dated: August 10, 2015

THE DION-KINDEM LAW FIRM

Rv

PETER R. DION-KINDEM, P.C.

PETER R. DION-KINDEM

Attorney for Plaintiff Elizabeth Larroque

# Exhibit D

## Case 3:15-cv-04684-JSC Document 1-1 Filed 10/09/15 Page 28 of 48

Case 3:15-cv-03041-HSG Document 16 Filed 08/11/15 Page 1 of 1

PETER R. DION-KINDEM (SBN 95267) 1 THE DION-KINDEM LAW FIRM 2 PETER R. DION-KINDEM, P. C. 21550 Oxnard Street, Suite 900 3 Woodland Hills, California 91367 Telephone: (818) 883-4900 4 (818) 883-4902 Fax: 5 Email: peter@dion-kindemlaw.com 6 LONNIE C. BLANCHARD, III (SBN 93530) THE BLANCHARD LAW GROUP, APC 7 Los Angeles, CA 90023 Telephone: (213) 599-8255 8 (213) 402-3949 Fax: 9 lonnieblanchard@gmail.com Email: 10 Attorneys for Plaintiff Elizabeth Larroque 11 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 12 13 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 14 Case No. 15-CV-03041-MEJ Elizabeth Larroque, an individual, on behalf of 15 **CLASS ACTION** herself and all others similarly situated, 16 **Notice of Voluntary Dismissal** Plaintiff, 17 VS. 18 First Advantage LNS Screening Solutions, Inc., 19 and Does 1 through 10, 20 Defendants. 21 Plaintiff voluntarily dismisses this action pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(a). Such 22 dismissal shall be without prejudice, with each side to bear its own costs and fees. 23 THE DION-KINDEM LAW FIRM Dated: August 11, 2015 24 25 BY: 26 PETER R. DION-KINDEM, P.C. PETER R. DION-KINDEM 27 Attorney for Plaintiff Elizabeth Larroque 28 **Notice of Voluntary Dismissal** 

# Exhibit E

### SUMMONS (CITACION JUDICIAL)

NOTICE TO DEFENDANT. (AVISO AL DEMANDADO):

First Advantage LNS Screening Solutions, Inc , and Does 1 through 10

# YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF (LO ESTÁ DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE):

Elizabeth Larroque, an individual, on behalf of herself and all others similarly situated

SUM-100

FOR COURT USE ONLY

SAN MATEO COUNTY

AUG 1 7 2015

Clerk of the Superior Court

By

DEPUTY CLERK

NOTICE! You have been sued. The court may decide against you without your being heard unless you respond within 30 days. Read the information below.

You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summons and legal papers are served on you to file a written response at this court and have a copy served on the plaintiff. A letter or phone call will not protect you. Your written response must be in proper legal form if you want the court to hear your case. There may be a court form that you can use for your response. You can find these court forms and more information at the California Courts. Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), your county law library, or the courthouse nearest you. If you cannot pay the filing fee, ask the court clerk for a fee waiver form. If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case by default, and your wages, money, and property may be taken without further warning from the court.

There are other legal requirements You may want to call an attorney right away If you do not know an attorney, you may want to call an attorney referral service If you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal services from a nonprofit legal services program. You can locate these nonprofit groups at the California Legal Services Web site (www lawhelpcalifornia org), the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www courtinfo ca gov/selfhelp), or by contacting your local court or county bar association. NOTE The court has a statutory lien for waived fees and costs on any settlement or arbitration award of \$10,000 or more in a civil case. The court's lien must be paid before the court will dismiss the case (AVISO) Lo han demandado. Si no responde dentro de 30 días, la corte puede decidir en su contra sin escuchar su versión. Lea la información a continuación.

Tiene 30 DIAS DE CALENDARIO después de que le entreguen esta citación y papeles legales para presentar una respuesta por escrito en esta corte y hacer que se entregue una copia al demandante. Una carta o una llamada telefónica no lo protegen. Su respuesta por escrito tiene que estar en formato legal correcto si desea que procesen su caso en la corte. Es posible que haya un formulario que usted pueda usar para su respuesta Puede encontrar estos formularios de la corte y más información en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California (www sucorte ca gov), en la biblioteca de leyes de su condado o en la corte que le quede más cerca. Si no puede pagar la cuota de presentación, pida al secretario de la corte que le dé un formulario de exención de pago de cuotas. Si no presenta su respuesta a tiempo, puede perder el caso por incumplimiento y la corte le podrá quitar su sueldo, dinero y bienes sin más advertencia.

Hay otros requisitos legales Es recomendable que llame a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a un servicio de remisión a abogados. Si no puede pagar a un abogado, es posible que cumpla con los requisitos para obtener servicios legales gratuitos de un programa de servicios legales sin fines de lucro. Puede encontrar estos grupos sin fines de lucro en el sitio web de California Legal Services, (www lawhelpcalifornia org), en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California, (www sucorte ca gov) o poniéndose en contacto con la corte o el colegio de abogados locales. AVISO. Por ley, la corte tiene derecho a reclamar las cuotas y los costos exentos por imponer un gravamen sobre cualquier recuperación de \$10,000 ó más de valor recibida mediante un acuerdo o una concesión de arbitraje en un caso de derecho civil. Tiene que pagar el gravamen de la corte antes de que la corte pueda desechar el caso.

The name and address of the court is (El nombre y dirección de la corte es) San Mateo Superior Court

Hall of Justice, 400 County Center, Redwood City, CA 94063-1655

CASE NUMBER (Numero del Case) 1 5 3 5 0 8 3

The name, address, and telephone number of plaintiffs attorney, or plaintiff without an attorney, is (El nombre, la dirección y el número de teléfono del abogado del demandante, o del demandante que no tiene abogado, es) Peter R. Dion-Kindem, 21550 Oxnard St., Suite 900, Woodland Hills, CA 91367, 818-883-4900

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1	PETER R. DION-KINDEM (SBN 95267)					
2	THE DION-KINDEM LAW FIRM PETER R DION-KINDEM, P C					
3	21550 Oxnard Street, Suite 900					
4	Woodland Hills, California 91367 Telephone (818) 883-4900	FILED SAN MATEO COUNTY				
5	Fax (818) 883-4902 Email peter@dion-kindemlaw.com	SAN MATEO COUNTY				
6		AUG 1 7 2015				
7	LONNIE C. BLANCHARD, III (SBN 93530) THE BLANCHARD LAW GROUP, APC	Clerk of the Superior Court				
8	Los Angeles, CA 90023 Telephone (213) 599-8255	DEPUTY CLEJK				
9	Fax (213) 402-3949					
	Email <u>lonnieblanchard@gmail.com</u>					
10	Attorneys for Plaintiff Elizabeth Larroque					
- 11	CURRIAN COURS OF THE CTATE OF CALLEONIDIA					
12	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFONRIA					
13	COUNTY OF SAN MATEO					
14	Di abat I awa wa an induidual on babalf of	<b>€1V</b> 535083   Case No.				
15	Elizabeth Larroque, an individual, on behalf of herself and all others similarly situated,	CLASS ACTION				
16	Plaintiff,	Complaint and Demand for Jury Trial				
17						
18	VS					
19	First Advantage LNS Screening Solutions, Inc, and Does 1 through 10,					
20	Defendants					
21	Plaintiff Elizabeth Larroque ("Plaintiff") alleges					
22	This class action alleges that certain policies and practices followed by Defendant First					
23	Advantage LNS Screening Solutions, Inc and the Doe Defendants in furnishing consumer					
24	reports for employment purposes violate the provisions of the Fair Credit Reporting Act					
25	("FCRA"), 15 U S C 1681, et seq Specifically, Defendants violated Section 1681b(b) of the					
26	FCRA by furnishing consumer reports for employment purposes before obtaining the required					
27	certifications required thereunder					
28						
	Complaint					
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### **PARTIES**

Elizabeth Larroque ("Plaintiff") is a "consumer" protected by the FCRA.

3. The FCRA defines a "person" as " any individual, partnership, corporation, trust, estate, cooperative, association, government or governmental sub-division, or other entity."

The FCRA defines a "consumer report" as "any written, oral, or other communication of any information by a consumer reporting agency bearing on a consumer's credit worthiness, credit standing, credit capacity, character, general reputation, personal characteristics, mode of living which is used or expected to be used for (B) employment purposes"

Defendant First Advantage LNS Screening Solutions, Inc ("First Advantage") is a "person" as defined by the FCRA. At all times relevant hereto, First Advantage was a "consumer reporting agency" governed by the FCRA. During the relevant time, First Advantage was regularly engaged in the business of assembling, evaluating and disbursing information concerning consumers for the purpose of furnishing consumer reports, as defined in 15 U.S.C. Section 1681(d), to third parties, including Pacific Hotel Management, LLC for employment purposes. First Advantage furnished consumer reports to Pacific Hotel Management, LLC concerning Plaintiff and other class members and also furnished consumer reports to other persons concerning class members for employment purposes

Plaintiff does not presently know the true names and capacities of the defendants named as Does 1 through 10 and therefore sues such defendants by these fictitious names. Plaintiff believes that the Doe Defendants are persons or entities who are involved in the acts set forth below, either as independent contractors, suppliers, agents, servants or employees of the known defendants, or through entering into a conspiracy and agreement with the known Defendants to perform these acts, for financial gain and profit, in violation of Plaintiff's and Class Members' rights. Plaintiff will request leave of Court to amend this Complaint to set forth their true names, identities and capacities when Plaintiff ascertains them

Each of the Defendants has been or is the principal, officer, director, agent, employee, representative and/or co-conspirator of each of the other defendants and in such capacity or

Complaint

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capacities participated in the acts or conduct alleged herein and incurred liability therefor. At an unknown time, some or all of the Defendants entered into a conspiracy with other of the Defendants to commit the wrongful acts described herein These wrongful acts were committed in furtherance of such conspiracy Defendants aided and abetted each other in committing the wrongful acts alleged herein Each of the Defendants acted for personal gain or in furtherance of their own financial advantage in effecting the acts alleged herein.

## First Cause of Action against Defendants

### Violation of the FCRA Section 1681b(b)(1)

Plaintiff realleges all of the preceding paragraphs

- On or about September 17, 2012, Pacific Hotel Management, LLC procured or caused to be procured a consumer report regarding Plaintiff from First Advantage.
  - Defendants violated Section 1681b(b)(1) by furnishing consumer reports regarding Plaintiff and other class members for employment purposes to Pacific Hotel Management, LLC and others without first obtaining from Pacific Hotel Management, LLC and other persons to whom Defendants furnished such reports a certification by such person as to each consumer report it furnished to such person that such person "has complied with paragraph (2) [of Section 1681b(b)] with respect to the consumer report, and the person will comply with paragraph (3) with respect to the consumer report if paragraph (3) [of Section 1681b(b)] becomes applicable " Defendants knew or should have known about their legal obligations under the FCRA The
  - language of Section 1681b(b)(1) is plain and clearly ascertainable. According to Section 1681b(b)(1)(A), a "consumer reporting agency may furnish a consumer report for employment purposes only if -- (A) the person who obtains such report from the agency certifies to the agency that-- (1) the person has complied with paragraph (2) with respect to the consumer report, and the person will comply with paragraph (3) with respect to the consumer report if paragraph (3) becomes applicable, and (ii) information from the consumer report will not be used in violation of any applicable Federal or State equal employment opportunity law or regulation."

15.

(Emphasis added) Defendants obtained or had available substantial written materials which apprised them of their duties under the FCRA. Any reasonable consumer reporting agency knows about or can easily discover these obligations

- 12. Despite knowing of these legal obligations, Defendants intentionally or recklessly acted consciously in breaching their known duties and depriving Plaintiff and other Class members their rights under the FCRA Plaintiff believes that Defendants did not obtain proper and valid certifications before providing consumer reports to those persons to whom they were provided because Defendants did not want to incur the expenses associated with obtaining such certifications as to each consumer as to whom a consumer report was generated and provided by Defendants.
- 13. As a result of these FCRA violations, Defendants are liable for statutory damages from \$100 to \$1,000 for each violation pursuant to 15 U.S.C. Section 1681n(a)(1)(A), punitive damages pursuant to 15 U.S.C. Section 1681n(a)(2), and attorney's fees and costs pursuant to Section 1681n and Section 1681o
- 14 15 U S.C.A. § 1681p provides.

An action to enforce any liability created under this subchapter may be brought in any appropriate United States district court, without regard to the amount in controversy, or in any other court of competent jurisdiction, not later than the earlier of—

- (1) 2 years after the date of discovery by the plaintiff of the violation that is the basis for such liability, or
- (2) 5 years after the date on which the violation that is the basis for such liability occurs
- The violation that is the basis of liability of this claim is the provision of a consumer report regarding Plaintiff or the class member without first obtaining the requisite certification from the person to whom the consumer report was being provided that such person, as to each consumer as to which a consumer report was provided, "has complied with paragraph (2) with respect to the consumer report, and the person will comply with paragraph (3) with respect to the consumer report if paragraph (3) becomes applicable, and (11) information from the consumer

report will not be used in violation of any applicable Federal or State equal employment opportunity law or regulation "

- 16. Plaintiff discovered Defendants' violation(s) within the last two years when Plaintiff requested from Pacific Hotel Management, LLC a copy of the certification provided by Pacific Hotel Management, LLC to Defendant prior to Defendant furnishing the consumer report to Pacific Hotel Management, LLC and discovered that Pacific Hotel Management, LLC had not provided the requisite certification regarding Plaintiff's consumer report *before* the consumer report was provided to Pacific Hotel Management, LLC
- Plaintiff brings this claim for himself and on behalf of the classes initially defined as follows

All persons residing in the United States (including all territories and other political subdivisions of the United States) as to whom First Advantage LNS Screening Solutions, Inc furnished consumer reports for employment purposes within the period prescribed by FCRA, 15 U.S C §1681p without first obtaining from the person to whom First Advantage LNS Screening Solutions, Inc furnished such consumer report a certification that such person had complied with its obligations under Section 1681b(b)(2) as to the subject of the consumer report.

- 18. Numerosity. The members of each of the Classes are believed to be in excess of 1,000 and are so numerous that joinder of all members is impractical. The names and addresses of the Class members are identifiable through documents maintained by the Defendants, and the Class members may be notified of the pendency of this action by published and/or mailed notice.
  19. Existence and Predominance of Common Questions of Law and Fact. Common questions of
  - law and fact exist as to all members of the Class. These questions predominate over the questions affecting only individual members. These common legal and factual questions include, among other things
    - a. Whether Defendants violated Section 1681b(b)(1) by furnishing consumer reports for employment purposes without first obtaining from Pacific Hotel Management, LLC and other persons to whom they furnished such report a certification by such person as to each consumer report it furnished that such person "has complied with paragraph (2) [of Section 1681b(b)] with respect to the consumer report, and the person will comply with

Complaint

22.

paragraph (3) with respect to the consumer report if paragraph (3) [of Section 1681b(b)] becomes applicable."

- b. Whether Defendants' violations were willful
- 20. **Typicality.** Plaintiff's class claims are typical of the claims of Class members. Plaintiff for class certification purposes seeks only statutory and punitive damages. In addition, Plaintiff is entitled to relief under the class claims as the other members of the Class.
- Adequacy. Plaintiff is an adequate representative of the Classes because Plaintiff's interests coincide with, and are not antagonistic to, the interests of the members of the Class Plaintiff seeks to represent Plaintiff has retained counsel competent and experienced in class action litigation, and Plaintiff intends to prosecute this action vigorously. The interests of members of the Class will be fairly and adequately protected by Plaintiff and Plaintiff's counsel.
  - Superiority. Questions of law and fact common to the Class members predominate over questions affecting only individual members, and a class action is superior to other available methods for fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy. The statutory and punitive damages sought by each member are such that individual prosecution would prove burdensome and expensive given the complex and extensive litigation necessitated by Defendants' conduct. It would be virtually impossible for the members of the Class individually to redress effectively the wrongs done to them. Even if the members of the Class themselves could afford such individual litigation, it would be an unnecessary burden on the Courts. Furthermore, individualized litigation presents a potential for inconsistent or contradictory judgments and increases the delay and expense to all parties and to the court system presented by the complex legal and factual issues raised by Defendants' conduct. By contrast, the class action device will result in substantial benefits to the litigants and the Court by allowing the Court to resolve numerous individual claims based upon a single set of proof in a case.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands a jury trial and requests that judgment be entered against all Defendants as follows:

For an order certifying the proposed FCRA class and appointing Plaintiff and Plaintiff's

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Complaint

#### Case 3:15-cv-04684-JSC Document 1-1 Filed 10/09/15 Page 37 of 48

		, (	•		
1		understaned sourced of record to re-	nrecent (	same	
2	undersigned counsel of record to represent same,				
3	2.	For statutory damages,			
4	3.	For punitive damages,			
5	4	For attorney's fees and costs,			
6		5. For interest as provided by law,			
7	6. For such other and further relief as the Court deems proper				
8		Dated August 11, 2015	THEL	DION-KINDEM LAW FIRM	
9				CA TO YOUR	
10			BY _	Power P. Dion Knippe P.C.	
11				PETER R DION-KINDEM, P.C. PETER R DION-KINDEM	
12				Attorney for Plaintiff Elizabeth Larroque	
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		CM-010
ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Bar I	number, and address)	FOR COURT USE ONLY
ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Barri Peter R Dion-Kindem (95267)	-	
Peter R Dion-Kindem P C 21550 Oxnard St Suite 900		FILED
Woodland Hills, CA 91367	010 000 1000	THE COUNTY
TELEPHONE NO 818-883-4900	FAX NO 818-883-4902	SAN MATEO COUNTY
ATTORNEY FOR (Name) Plaintiff	n Mataa	1 7 2015
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF Sa STREET ADDRESS 400 County Center	n Mateo	AUG 1 7 2015
MAILING ADDRESS		Cupariot Califf
CITY AND ZIP CODE Redwood City, CA 94	1063-1655	Clerk of the Superior Court
BRANCH NAME Hall of Justice		By
CASE NAME		DEPUTY/CLERK
Lorroque v. First Advantage LNS Sc	reening Solutions, Inc.	
CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET	Complex Case Designation	CASE NUMBER
✓ Unlimited Limited	Counter Joinder	<b>CIV</b> 5350 R
(Amount (Amount		JUDGE
demanded demanded is exceeds \$25,000 \$25,000 or less)	Filed with first appearance by defend (Cal Rules of Court, rule 3 402)	DEPT
	ow must be completed (see instructions of	
1 Check one box below for the case type that		
Auto Tort	Contract	Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation
Auto (22)	Breach of contract/warranty (06)	(Cal. Rules of Court, rules 3.400–3 403)
Uninsured motorist (46)	Rule 3 740 collections (09)	Antitrust/Trade regulation (03)
Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/Property	Other collections (09)	Construction defect (10)
Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort	Insurance coverage (18)	Mass tort (40)
Asbestos (04)	Other contract (37)	Securities litigation (28)
Product liability (24)	Real Property	Environmental/Toxic tort (30)
Medical malpractice (45)	Eminent domain/Inverse	Insurance coverage claims ansing from the
Other PI/PD/WD (23)	condemnation (14)	above listed provisionally complex case types (41)
Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort	Wrongful eviction (33)	Enforcement of Judgment
Business tort/unfair business practice (07)		Enforcement of Judgment (20)
Civil rights (08)	Unlawful Detainer	• • • • •
Defamation (13)		Miscellaneous Civil Complaint
Fraud (16)	Residential (32)	RICO (27)
Intellectual property (19)	Drugs (38)	Other complaint (not specified above) (42)
Professional negligence (25)	Judicial Review  Asset forfeiture (05)	Miscellaneous Civil Petition
Other non-PI/PD/WD tort (35)	Pelition re arbitration award (11)	Partnership and corporate governance (21)
Employment Wrongful termination (36)	Writ of mandate (02)	Other petition (not specified above) (43)
Other employment (15)	Other judicial review (39)	
		iles of Court If the case is complex, mark the
factors requiring exceptional judicial manage		no or oddre if the cade to deliphor, mark the
a Large number of separately repre-	sented parties d 🗹 Large number	r of witnesses
b Extensive motion practice raising	difficult or novel e Coordination	with related actions pending in one or more courts
issues that will be time-consuming		ies, states, or countries, or in a federal court
c Substantial amount of documenta	ry evidence f Substantial po	ostjudgment judicial supervision
3 Remedies sought (check all that apply) a	monetary b nonmonetary, d	leclaratory or injunctive relief C  punitive
<del>-</del> .	Thorietary b nonmonetary, o	eciaratory or injunctive relief C (V) puritive
4 Number of causes of action (specify) 1 5 This case	a action and	
		nav uso form CM 045 )
•	ild serve a flotice of related case (100 fl	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Date 8/11/15		1 Day 1
Peter R. Dion-Kindem	1 100	IGNATURE OF PARTY OR ATTORNEY FOR PARTY)
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)	NOTICE	IONATORE OF PARTI OR ATTORNET POR PARTITY
Plaintiff must file this cover sheet with the file.	irst paper filed in the action or proceeding	g (except small claims cases or cases filed
	Welfare and Institutions Code) (Cal Rule	es of Court, rule 3 220 ) Failure to file may result
<ul> <li>In sanctions</li> <li>File this cover sheet in addition to any cover</li> </ul>	or shoot required by local court rule	The state of the s
		must serve a copy of this cover sheet on all
other nertice to the action or proceeding		
Unless this is a collections case under rule	3 740 or a complex case, this cover she	et will be used for statistical purposes only

## Exhibit F

T		
ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHO DION-KINDEM, PETER R 21650 OXNARD STREET, 1 WOODLAND HILLS, CA 91		FOR COURT USE ONLY
TELEPHONE NO	818-883-4900 FAX NO (Optional)	FILED
E-MAIL ADDRESS (Optional)  ATTORNEY FOR (Name)	ELIZABETH LARROQUE	SAN MATEO COUNTY
SUPERIOR COURT OF	CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SAN MATEO	SEP 1 5 2015
i .	400 County Center, Room A	3EF 1 0 2013
MAILING ADDRESS		Clerk of the Superior Cour
CITY AND ZIP CODE	Redwood City 94063	$\mathcal{L}$
BRANCH NAME	Southern Branch Hall of Justice and Records	By DEPUTY CLERK
	NER ELIZABETH LARROQUE	CASE NUMBER
DEFENDANT/RESPONDE	ENT FIRST ADVANTAGE LNS SCREENING SOLUTIONS, INC	CIV535083
у	PROOF OF SERVICE OF SUMMONS	Ref No or File No  LARROQUE v. FIRST
1 At the time of service	e I was at least 18 years of age and not a party to this action	m
2 I served copies of (s SUMMONS; CLASS CONFERENCE, AD	pecify documents) 3 ACTION COMPLAINT, CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET; NOTICE O 3R INFORMATION PACKAGE; BLANK CASE MANAGEMENT ST	F CASE MANAGEMENT X
	ecify name of party as shown on documents served) DVANTAGE LNS SCREENING SOLUTIONS, INC	
item 5b v <b>Becky D</b>	other than the party in item 3a) served on behalf of an entity or as a whom substituted service was made) (specify name and relationship e George, PERSON AUTHORIZED TO ACCEPT, who accepted succepted to a white female approx 55-65 years of age, 5'4"-5'6" tal	o to the party named in item 3a ) service, with identity confirmed by verbal
4 Address where the p	oarty was served WYERS INCORPORATING SERVICE, 2710 GATEWAY OAKS DE	R, SUITE 150N, SACRAMENTO, CA 95833
5 I served the party (ci	heck proper box)	
a X by perso	nal service. I personally delivered the documents listed in item 2 to process for the party (1) on (date). 09/11/2015 at (time). 3.23 PM	the party or person authorized to receive
b by subst or in the p	ntuted service On (date) at (time) presence of (name and title or relationship to person indicated in ite	I left the documents listed in item 2 with m 3)
(1)	(business) a person at least 18 years of age apparently in charge the person to be served. I informed him or her of the general nature	e at the office or usual place of business of re of the papers
(2)	(home) a competent member of the household (at least 18 years of abode of the party 1 informed him or her of the general nature of	of age) at the dwelling house or usual place of the papers
(3)	(physical address unknown) a person at least 18 years of age a address of the person to be served, other than a United States Poor her of the general nature of the papers	apparently in charge at the usual mailing stal Service post office box. I informed him
(4)	I thereafter caused to be mailed (by first class, postage prepaid) of served at the place where the copies were left (Code Civ Proc § on (date) from (city) or	opies of the documents to the person to be 415 20) Documents were mailed a declaration of mailing is attached
(5)	I attach a declaration of diligence stating actions taken first to at	ttempt personal service
	12:3 1 4	

Page 1 of 2
Code of Civil Procedure § 417 10
Tracking # 0008536438

PL	AINTIF	F/PETITIONER ELIZABETH LARROQUE	CASE NUMBER
DEFEN	DANT/R	ESPONDENT FIRST ADVANTAGE LNS SCREENING SOLUTIONS, INC	CIV535083
С		by mail and acknowledgement of receipt of service I mailed the docume address shown in item 4, by first-class mail, postage prepaid,	ents listed in item 2 to the party, to the
		(1) on (date) (2) from (city)	
		(3) with two copies of the Notice and Acknowledgement of Receipt and addressed to me (Attach completed Notice and Acknowledgement)	and a postage-paid return envelope ent of Receipt) (Code Civ Proc, § 415 30)
		(4) to an address outside California with return receipt requested (C	Code Civ Proc , § 415 40)
d		by other means (specify means of service and authorizing code section)	
		Additional page describing service is attached	
6 The	e "Notic	e to the Person Served" (on the summons) was completed as follows	
а		as an individual defendant	
b		as the person sued under the fictitious name of (specify)	
С		as occupant	
d	₩,	On behalf of (specify) Fist Advantage LNS Screen under the following Code of Civil Procedure section	ng Solutions, Inc.
			95 (business organization, form unknown)
		416 20 (defunct corporation) 416	6 60 (minor)
		416 30 (joint stock company/association) 416	3 70 (ward or conservatee)
		416 40 (association or partnership) 416	90 (authorized person)
		416 50 (public entity) 415	5 46 (occupant)
		other control	er
7 <b>Pe</b>	rson w	ho served papers	
a b c d e	•	Bobby Dalton ss 2014 10th St , Sacramento, CA 95818 none number 916-449-8990 e for service was \$ 59.50	
	(1)	not a registered California process server	<u> </u>
	(2)	exempt from registration under Business and Professions Code section	n 22350(b)
	(3) 🔼	registered California process server	ĺ
		(i) owner employee IX independent contractor	For ABC Legal Services, Inc
		(ii) X Registration No 2012-56	Registration # 6779
		(III) X County Sacramento	County Los Angeles
8	I or	leclare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that	t the foregoing is true and correct
9 [		ım a Calıfornıa sheriff or marshal and I certify that the foregoing is true ar	nd correct
-		112/15	0   1//
Date	9/	<u>/13/15</u>	
	/s.i.s.====	Bobby Dalton	(SIGNATURE)
	(NAME O	F PERSON WHO SERVED PAPERS/SHERIFF OR MARSHAL)	(didiani dist)

REF LARROQUE v. FIRST

Pege 2 of 2 Tracking **# 0008536438** 

### Exhibit G

#### NOTICE OF CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE

Elizabeth Lamnongue, Etsan MATEO COUNTY Case No	535083
AUG 1 7 2015	01-08-16
First Advantange LNS Propriet Court  DEPUTY CLERK  DEPUTY CLERK  DEPUTY CLERK  DEPUTY CLERK  DEPUTY CLERK	mj 1
Dept	on Tuesday & Thursday on Wednesday & Friday

, You are hereby given notice of your Case Management Conference The date, time and department have been written above

- In accordance with applicable California Rules of the Court and local Rules 2 3(d)1-4 and 2 3(m), you are hereby ordered to
  - a) Serve all named defendants and file proofs of service on those defendants with the court within 60-days of filing the complaint (CRC 201 7)
  - b) Serve a copy of this notice, Case Management Statement and ADR Information Sheet on all named parties in this action
  - c) File and serve a completed Case Management Statement at least 15-days before the Case Management Conference [CRC 212(g)] Failure to do so may result in monetary sanctions
  - d) Meet and confer, in person or by telephone, to consider each of the issues identified in CRC 212(f) no later than 30-days before the date set for the Case Management Conference
- 2. If you fail to follow the orders above, you are ordered to show cause why you should not be sanctioned The Order to Show Cause hearing will be at the same time as the Case Management Conference hearing Sanctions may include monetary, evidentiary or issue sanctions as well as striking pleadings and/or dismissal
- 3 Continuances of Case Management Conferences are highly disfavored unless good cause is shown
- Parties may proceed to an appropriate dispute resolution process ("ADR") by filing a Stipulation to ADR and Proposed Order (see attached form) If plaintiff files a Stipulation to ADR and Proposed Order electing to proceed to judicial arbitration, the Case Management Conference will be taken off the court calendar and the case will be referred to the Arbitration Administrator If plaintiffs and defendants file a completed stipulation to another ADR process (e.g., mediation) 10–days prior to the first scheduled Case Management Conference, the Case Management Conference will be continued for 90-days to allow parties time to complete their ADR session. The court will notify parties of their new Case Management Conference date.
- If you have filed a default or a judgment has been entered, your case is not automatically taken off Case Management Conference Calendar If "Does", "Roes," etc. are named in your complaint, they must be dismissed in order to close the case If any party is in bankruptcy, the case is stayed only as to that named party
- You are further ordered to appear in person\* (or through your attorney of record) at the Case Management Conference noticed above. You must be thoroughly, familiar with the case and fully authorized to proceed
- 7 The Case Management judge will issue orders at the conclusion of the conference that may include
  - a) Referring parties to voluntary ADR and setting an ADR completion date,
  - b) Dismissing or severing claims or parties,
  - c) Setting a trial date
  - The Case Management judge may be the trial judge in this case

# Exhibit H

ENDORSED FILED SAN MATEO COUNTY

OCT - 8 2015 SEYFARTH SHAW LLP By MADELINE MASTERSON 1 G. Daniel Newland (SBN 87965) dnewland@seyfarth.com DEPUTY CLERK 2 Eric M. Lloyd (SBN 254390) elloyd@seyfarth.com 560 Mission Street, 31st Floor San Francisco, California 94105 3 (415) 397-2823 Telephone: Facsimile: (415) 397-8549 4 SEYFARTH SHAW LLP 5 Frederick T. Smith (to be admitted pro hac vice) fsmith@seyfarth.com Esther Slater McDonald (to be admitted pro hac vice) emcdonald@seyfarth.com 6 1075 Peachtree Street, N.E., Suite 2500 Atlanta, Georgia 30309-3958 7 (404) 885-1500 Telephone: 8 Facsimile: (404) 892-7056 9 Attorneys for Defendant FIRST ADVANTAGE LNS SCREENING SOLUTIONS, INC. 10 11 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 12 COUNTY OF SAN MATEO 13 ) Case No. CIV 535083 ELIZABETH LARROQUE, an individual, on 14 behalf of herself and all others similarly situated, **DEFENDANT'S ANSWER TO** 15 PLAINTIFF'S CLASS ACTION Plaintiff. **COMPLAINT** 16 17 FIRST ADVANTAGE LNS SCREENING SOLUTIONS, INC.; and DOES 1 through 10, Complaint filed: August 17, 2015 18 inclusive. BYFAX 19 Defendants. 20 Defendant FIRST ADVANTAGE LNS SCREENING SOLUTIONS, INC. ("Defendant") 21 hereby answers the unverified Class Action Complaint of Plaintiff ELIZABETH LARROQUE 22 ("Plaintiff") as follows: 23 **GENERAL DENIAL** 24 Pursuant to the provisions of California Code of Civil Procedure Section 431.30(d), First 25 Advantage denies, generally and specifically, each and every allegation, statement, matter, and each 26 purported cause of action contained in Plaintiff's Class Action Complaint. Without limiting the 27 generality of the foregoing, First Advantage also denies, generally and specifically, that Plaintiff has 28

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been damaged in the manner or sums alleged, or in any way at all, by reason of any acts or omissions of 1 2 First Advantage. SEPARATE DEFENSES 3 In further answer to Plaintiff's Class Action Complaint, First Advantage asserts the following 4 additional defenses. In asserting these defenses, First Advantage does not assume the burden of proof as 5 to matters that, pursuant to law, are Plaintiff's burden to prove. 6 7 FIRST DEFENSE Plaintiff sustained no injuries, damages, or loss by reason of any act of Defendant. 8 **SECOND DEFENSE** 9 To the extent Plaintiff's claims are based on acts that occurred or accrued prior to any applicable 10 statute of limitations, such claims are time-barred. 11 12 THIRD DEFENSE Plaintiff is not entitled to punitive damages because First Advantage's reading of its obligations 13 under the Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1681 et seq., is objectively reasonable. 14 15 **FOURTH DEFENSE** To the extent that Plaintiff failed to mitigate her alleged damages, her recovery, if any must be 16 reduced accordingly. 17 RESERVATION OF RIGHTS 18 Defendant presently has insufficient knowledge or information upon which to form a belief 19 whether there may be additional, as yet unstated, defenses, and reserves the right to assert additional 20 defenses in the event that discovery and/or investigation indicates that such defenses are appropriate. 21 PRAYER 22 Wherefore, Defendant prays for judgment as follows: 23 That Plaintiff's Class Action Complaint be dismissed in its entirety and with prejudice 24 1. with respect to Defendant, with costs taxed against Plaintiff; 25 That Defendant recover from Plaintiff its expenses of litigation; and 2. 26 That Defendant recover such other and additional relief as the Court deems proper. 3. 27 28

#### Case 3:15-cv-04684-JSC Document 1-1 Filed 10/09/15 Page 47 of 48

1	DATED: October 8, 2015 SEYFARTH SHAW LLP
2	
3	By: Were G. Daniel Newland
4	Frederick T. Smith* Esther Slater McDonald*
5	Estilet Statet Webbiland Eric M. Lloyd
6	Attorneys for Defendant FIRST ADVANTAGE LNS SCREENING
7	SOLUTIONS, INC.
8	*to be admitted pro hac vice
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	DEFENDANT'S ANSWER TO PLAINTIFF'S CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT / CASE NO. CIV 535083

1	PROOF OF SERVICE			
2 3	I am a resident of the State of California, over the age of eighteen years, and not a party to the within action. My business address is 560 Mission Street, 31st Floor, San Francisco, California 94105. On October 8, 2015, I served the within document(s):			
4	DEFENDANT'S ANSWER TO PLAINTIFF'S CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT			
5 6 7	I sent such document from facsimile machines (415) 397-8549 on October 8, 2015. I certify that said transmission was completed and that all pages were received and that a report was generated by said facsimile machine which confirms said transmission and receipt. I, thereafter, mailed a copy to the interested party(ies) in this action by placing a true copy thereof enclosed in sealed envelope(s) addressed to the parties listed below.			
8	by placing the document(s) listed above in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid, in the United States mail at San Francisco, California, addressed as set forth below.  by personally delivering the document(s) listed above to the person(s) at the address(es) set forth below.			
9				
11	by placing the document(s) listed above in a sealed envelope or package provided by Federal Express with postage paid on account and deposited for collection with Federal Express at San Francisco, California, addressed as set forth below.			
13	by transmitting the document(s) listed above, electronically, via the e-mail addresses set forth below.			
14 15 16 17	Counsel for PlaintiffCounsel for PlaintiffPeter R. Dion-Kindem, Esq.Lonnie C. Blanchard, III, Esq.The Dion-Kindem Law FirmThe Blanchard Law Group, APC21550 Oxnard Street, Suite 9003311 E Pico BoulevardWoodland Hills, California 91367Los Angeles, California 90023Telephone: (818) 883-4900Telephone: (213) 599-8255Facsimile: (818) 883-4902Facsimile: (213) 402-3949			
19 20 21	I am readily familiar with the firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. Under that practice it would be deposited with the U.S. Postal Service on that same day with postage thereon fully prepaid in the ordinary course of business. I am aware that on motion of the party served, service is presumed invalid if postal cancellation date or postage meter date is more than one day after date of deposit for mailing in affidavit.			
22	I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true			
23	and correct.  Executed on October 8, 2015, at San Francisco, California.			
24	Executed on October 8, 2013, at San Francisco, Camorna.			
25	Shant P. Sutt Shante Stitt			
26	Shante Stitt			
27				
28				
	4			
	DEFENDANT'S ANSWER TO PLAINTIFF'S CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT / CASE NO. CIV 535083			